Breast cancer prevention starts with healthy habits. Studies have shown that controlling your weight, being physically active, and limiting your alcohol intake can reduce your risk of developing breast cancer.

In addition to lifestyle changes, research is identifying new medications that can reduce the risk of breast cancer among those at high risk.

These efforts are all part of what is called primary prevention—discovering ways to keep cancer from ever developing. To learn more about Komen’s research efforts on secondary prevention, such as screening, please read our Fast Facts on Early Detection.

OUR RESEARCH INVESTMENT:

What We’re Investigating

- Investigating how the immune system responds to pre-cancerous cells and testing whether activating the immune system can prevent breast cancer.
- Developing and testing new drugs and vaccines to prevent breast cancer from developing.
- Studying the individual breast cells that are thought to be precursors of breast cancer and testing whether targeting these cells can help prevent breast cancer, particularly in BRCA1 mutation carriers.

WHAT WE’VE LEARNED from Komen-funded research

- Drugs used to control diabetes may also help prevent breast cancer from developing.
- Anti-inflammatory drugs like ibuprofen may help reduce the incidence and aggressiveness of breast cancers that can develop after pregnancy.
- Getting an optimal amount of vitamins A and D in the diet, especially during puberty, may prevent breast cancer later in life.