Metastatic breast cancer (MBC) is an advanced stage (stage IV) of breast cancer where tumor cells have spread to other parts of the body, such as the bones, liver, lungs or brain. Most breast cancer deaths are a result of metastasis.

In the 1970s, only 10 percent of women survived five years after a diagnosis of metastatic breast cancer. Today, because of research and the discovery of new and more-effective treatments, this has increased to an average of 25 percent. But, treatment for metastatic breast cancer is not effective for everyone, in part because we do not know what causes cancer cells to spread. Komen is dedicated to understanding why metastasis occurs and how to stop it, and has invested nearly half of new research funding for 2015 in metastatic breast cancer research.

In addition to research, Komen is a founding member of the Metastatic Breast Cancer Alliance — more than 30 organizations working to unify efforts to improve the lives and outcomes for those living with MBC.

Read the stories of women living with MBC, like Julie Zaveral, in our Chronicles of Hope series. 
http://sgk.mn/1qZ2bSV

Learn more about metastatic breast cancer in our Stories of Discovery series. 
http://sgk.mn/1hXCYWa

More than $147 million in over 370 research grants and 35 clinical trials focused on metastatic breast cancer.

Research Saves Lives

What We’re Investigating

- Identifying the genes and processes that cause breast cancer cells to metastasize
- Developing and testing new therapies to both prevent and treat metastatic breast cancer
- Discovering new methods for predicting or detecting metastasis using urine or blood tests or body scans

Our Research Investment

What We’ve Learned from Komen-funded research

Lymphoseek, a novel FDA approved imaging method, can be used to detect whether breast cancer has spread to the lymph nodes.

A molecule that reduces the stiffness and density of breast tissue, by blocking formation of collagen fibers, may be used to prevent tumor cells from invading and metastasizing to other tissues.

The presence of certain types of circulating tumor cells (CTC) may used as a biomarker to predict who is at high risk for metastasis and may serve a drug target to prevent MBC.

Learn more about metastatic breast cancer
http://sgk.mn/IwKF0FE